

Cornell University Student Assembly

Agenda of the Thursday, April 16th, 2020 Meeting 4:45pm via Zoom https://cornell.zoom.us/j/115376253

- I. Call to Order & Roll Call
- II. Approval of the Minutes
 - a. 4/9/20 Meeting Minutes
- III. Open Microphone
- IV. New Business
 - a. S.A Resolution #61: Demanding Cornell Fight for Fair Terms for the Remote Services its Community is Required to Use
- V. Adjournment



Cornell University Student Assembly

Agenda of the Thursday, April 9th, 2020 Meeting 4:45pm via Zoom

https://cornell.zoom.us/j/115376253

I. Call to Order & Roll Call

- a. J. Anderson called the meeting to order at 4:48 pm.
- b. Roll Call:
 - Present: M. Adeghe, S. Ali, J. Anderson, M. Baker, C. Benedict, U. Chukwukere, O. Egharevba, J. Feit, M. Haddad, C. Huang, J. Kroll, G. Martin, T. Reuning, L. Smith, K. Wondimu, S. Xu, V. Xu, J. Youngblood, Y. Yuan
 - ii. Absent: A. Cass [excused], J. Clancy [excused], Y. Li [excused], N. Matolka [excused], I. Pavlov [excused], P. Solovyeva [unexcused], S. Sun [unexcused], N. Watson [unexcused], B. Weintraub [excused]

II. Approval of the Minutes

- a. March 31st, 2020
 - i. Motion to approve the March 31st minutes approved 14-0-3.

III. Announcements & Presentations

- a. Attendance and Meetings
 - i. J. Anderson said that Exec met on Tuesday and decided to be quite lenient about attendance for the remainder of the semester, and said that there are members in vastly different time zones, and so that any assembly member who emails Exec about absences will get a blanket excuse for the remainder of the semester. He added that they currently plan to meet every week, and that on a week's Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning, C. Huang will email the body and say whether there is enough work to be done to warrant a meeting, and that this will likely result in the assembly not meeting every week.

IV. Open Microphone

a. No speakers at the open microphone.

V. New Business

- a. S.A Resolution #60: Requesting the Waiving of GMAT/GRE Requirements for Fall Cornell Graduate School Applications
 - i. Ian Wallace presented the resolution.

- ii. J. Feit said that he agrees with I. Wallace and that the tests are not equitable even when potential graduate students are not facing a pandemic, but that his question is whether or not the SA has jurisdiction over this. He added that he knows that they are a recommending body, but they are not the assembly that represents graduate students, and asked what I. Wallace's take on this is. He also said that he feels personally that a lot of the students on this assembly who are representing undergraduate students will be applying to graduate school.
- iii. I. Wallace said that this is just a recommendation, and that the final say is ultimately not with the SA, but that after considering reaching out to the GPSA, he ultimately thought that this resolution affects current undergraduate students and people who are not yet graduate students the most, and so he thought it was well within their purview as undergraduate students.
- iv. O. Egharevba moved to vote on the resolution approved 18-0-1.
- v. J. Anderson said that committees will continue to meet based on their individual schedules, and that Exec meetings will still be happening on Tuesdays and viewable to the public. He added that everything is still functioning through Zoom, only at a slower pace.

VI. Adjournment

a. J. Anderson adjourned the meeting at 5:01 pm.

Respectfully Submitted, John Hannan Clerk of the Assembly



Originally Presented on:	(04-16-20)
Type of Action:	Recommendation
Status/Result:	New Business

S.A. Resolution #61 1 2 Demanding Cornell Fight for Fair Terms for the Remote Services its Community is 3 Required to Use 4 5 ABSTRACT: Because of the coronavirus pandemic, students and instructors are required to use 6 tools like Zoom and CASHNet. Despite privacy and security risks, both services mandate that users 7 waive their right to sue in court or as part of a class action. Cornell must contact third-party vendors 8 and fight to ensure their terms do not strip these essential legal rights. If Cornell cannot negotiate 9 the removal of unfair terms from a service, it must commit to provide legal support for anyone 10 harmed by use of that service. 11 12 Sponsored by: Lucas Smith '22 13 14 Whereas, The GPSA is currently considering a reoltuion to demand Cornell fight for fair terms for 15 remote services members of the Cornell community are required to use. 16 17 Whereas, the Student Assembly holds a shared interest with the GPSA in calling for the University 18 to advocate for and protect students from adverse consequences associated with University 19 related use of remote services. 20 21 Whereas, in Resolution 3 of the 2019–2020 term the GPSA recognized the harmful nature of user 22 terms that mandate arbitration and ban class action in disputes with third-party vendors, and 23 in particular the Bursar's CASHNet service for bill pay. 24 25 Whereas, the president declined to act on that resolution and highlighted the alternative payment 26 options available for Cornell community members who do not want to agree to those 27 terms.iii 28 29 Whereas, with the onset of the coronavirus pandemic the Bursar has suspended in-person payment 30 and they "strongly encourage paying your bill on line via CASHNet," with only wire 31 transfers and check payments by mail as alternatives.iv 32 33 Whereas, while the president's response noted that "many vendors are unwilling to create special 34 terms and conditions in exchange for providing a targeted service," the president told the 35 GPSA that Cornell made no attempt to contact CASHNet and have those terms changed.v 36 37 Whereas, on 10 March 2020 Cornell announced a move to virtual instruction starting 6 April 2020, 38 explicitly mentioning the Zoom virtual meeting service as a principle remote access 39 technology.vi 40 41 Whereas, Zoom is the University's only synchronous remote instruction tool, making its use by 42 students and instructors implicitly required where it is not explicitly required.vii

Whereas, item twenty of Zoom's terms mandates arbitration and ban class action.viii

43 44

45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54

Whereas, these terms are especially troubling given Zoom's access to the audio and video recording functions on personal devices and its history of privacy and security problems so severeix,x that some organizations are banning its use.xi,xii,xiii

Whereas, the required use of Zoom by students and instructors poses them a significant privacy and security risk while stripping them of meaningful legal recourse if Zoom's purposeful or negligent actions lead to their harm.

Be it therefore resolved, Cornell must use its influence as an institutional customer to actually contact third-party services like CASHNet and Zoom and request fair terms for its community.

565758

55

Be it therefore resolved, Cornell must create resources to support community members in legal challenges resulting from required use of third party services and publicize such resources to every member of the community.

60 61 62

59

Be it therefore resolved, Cornell collaborate with Cornell Law School to provide legal assistance and resources for any community members adversely affected by the use of required third party services.

63 64 65

66

67

Be it further resolved, Cornell must commit to fund the legal challenges of any community member harmed by their required use of third party services that ban legal recourse through public courts or class action.

68 69 70

Respectfully Submitted,

71 72

Lucas Smith '22

73

College of Agriculture and Life Sciences Representative, Student Assembly

74

(Reviewed by: Executive Committee, 5-0-0, 04-14-2020)

75

 $i\ https://assembly.cornell.edu/resolutions/gpsa-r16-demanding-cornell-fight-fair-terms-remote-services-its-community-required-use$

ii https://assembly.cornell.edu/resolutions/gpsa-r3-demanding-mandatory-arbitration-and-class-action-bans-be-removed-cashnet-and

iii ____https://assembly.cornell.edu/resolution-actions/gpsa-r3-demanding-mandatory-arbitration-and-class-action-bans-be-removed-2

iv https://www.dfa.cornell.edu/bursar/students-parents/paying-your-bill

 $v____https://assembly.cornell.edu/meetings/cornell-university-graduate-and-professional-student-assembly-meeting-03022020-0530pm$

vi https://statements.cornell.edu/2020/20200310-coronavirus-update.cfm

vii https://teaching.cornell.edu/teaching-resources/planning-remote-teaching

"Agreement to Arbitrate; Waiver of Class Action. If You are located in the United States, You agree to resolve disputes only on an individual basis, through arbitration pursuant to the provisions of Exhibit B. The parties expressly waive any right to bring any action, lawsuit, or proceeding as a class or collective action, private attorney



general action, or any other proceeding in which any party acts or proposes to act in a representative capacity." https://zoom.us/terms/ (emphasis original)

- ix One Zoom vulnerability patched in July 2020 "could force Mac users that have (or ever had) Zoom installed on their device to join Zoom meetings with their cameras automatically activated."—
 https://www.vox.com/recode/2020/3/31/21201019/zoom-coronavirus-privacy-hacks
- x On April 1, 2020, "another security researcher found two new bugs that can be used to take over a Zoom user's Mac, including tapping into the webcam and microphone."—https://techcrunch.com/2020/04/01/zoom-doom/amp/
- xi New York City has banned public schools from using Zoom after they "received reports of issues that impact the security and privacy of the platform during the credentialing process."—

 https://chalkbeat.org/posts/ny/2020/04/04/nyc-forbids-schools-from-using-zoom-for-remote-learning-after-privacy-concerns-emerge/
- xii "SpaceX has banned its employees from using video-conferencing app Zoom, citing "significant privacy and security concerns""—https://www.aljazeera.com/ajimpact/spacex-bans-video-conferencing-app-zoom-privacy-concerns-200402011458917.html
- xiii An anticipated response to this point is that Cornell's self-hosting of Zoom conferencing relays mitigates the privacy concerns special to Zoom's own relays. In actuality this only mitigates some of those privacy concerns—since "user and meeting metadata [including the encryption keys used to protect video and audio!] are still managed in the Zoom public cloud"—and mitigates *none* of the security concerns, which are mostly to do with the Zoom desktop and mobile applications.—https://support.zoom.us/hc/en-us/articles/360034064852-Zoom-On-Premise-Deployment